-SAMPLE- ECONOMIZER FT \_\_\_\_\_

## **Functional Performance Test**

## **Air-Side Economizer**

Date:									
Building Name: Address:				Testing Agent:					
Phone:			Assiste	ed by:_ 					
Equipment Name: Manufacturer:					<del>-</del>				
ECM No	ECM Name:			New		v/Retrofit:			
Unit ID	AHU ID	Size (tons)		<b>Z</b> one					
1									
2									
3 4		<del></del>							
Installation. Note Space and OSA ten air, shaded, but not	nperature se	nsors have been	calibrated <i>an</i>						
Control Sequence	Tests.		Unit	: 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4		
<ol> <li>Economizer Characteristics</li> <li>Sensor type: DI Integrated: (Y/</li> </ol>	space temper cupied / unocearacteristics: B = dry bulb, of N) packaged only	cupied) He : dH = enthalpy , EMS = all control b	eating: 						
EMS, $PK+ = setting$	ngs by package	e; enabled by EMS:					_		

MPLE-	ECONOMIZER FT is the damper system capable of, including when OFF (step positions				
<b>Dampers:</b> How many positions is the damper					
closed,minimum and full open)? Enter two, thre	ee or infinite				

-SAMPLE-**ECONOMIZER FT** Unit 1 Unit 2 Unit 3 Unit 4 3. What type of building pressure relief is there? (FL = fixed link to)OSA damper, **BD** = barometric RA damper, **EF** = exhaust fan) 4. What are the current economizer setpoints (changeover temperatures)? (If OSA is below this, econ. will open)Package setting: (PK+ types will have both settings) EMS enable pt.: Mode 1. Test Damper Position in AHU OFF Status 1. Turn unit OFF. 2. Are dampers completely shut? OSA: Relief: 3. Is return damper at maximum open? Does the system comply in this mode? Mode 2. Test Damper Position With AHU in ON Status; Compressor (or coil valve) and Econ. OFF 1. Turn cooling setpoint to 85F. 2. Turn heating setpoint to 60F. 3. Turn unit ON. 4. Are dampers at a minimum? OSA: Relief: 5. Is return air damper at maximum open? **6. NO** in either of the above two questions denotes noncompliance. Does the system comply in this mode? Mode 3. Test Dampers in First Stage of Cooling (Econ. ON, Compressor or coil valve ON or OFF)

1. Adjust economizer setpoint or EMS OSA temperature values so economizer will turn on if cooling is called for.

For  $\overline{DB}$  economizers, OSA temp. must be, or be simulated to read by keyboard edit in EMS, below the economizer setpoint and above any DA low limit (usually ~55°F if used). If OSA is too hot or too cold and there is no EMS system, use a wet rag or hair blower on OSA sensor  $\overline{OR}$  come back at a time when OSA is appropriate,  $\overline{OR}$  use jumper method of testing,  $\overline{OR}$  use "canned" automatic testing sequence in unit, if any. The last two methods give only a partial assurrance that the economizer is functioning. For <u>enthalpy type economizers</u>, locate the enthalpy of the space air and the OSA on a psychometric chart. Simulate conditions for either so that the OSA has less enthalpy than the inside air or use alternate methods above.

## **Describe method used:**

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			Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4		
2.	Adjust cooling setpoint or space temp. until setpoint is 1°F <i>below</i> space temp. for integrated economizers (deadband + 1° for integrated types). Record:							
3.	Cooling set point:							
4.	OSA temperatures (actual or simulated, circ (for enthalpy types) W	ele): DB: /et bulb:						
5.	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Space temperature (actual or simulated, circ} \\ \text{(for enthalpy types)} & W \end{array}$	ele): DB: /et bulb:						
	Do dampers open properly?							
	Full open for dry bulb econ., partial for enthalpy type. If	OSA:						
	OSA is below a functioning DA low limit, OSA damper will not be full open. Integrated economizers may not oper	Relief:						
	Is return air damper closing proportionatel							
8.	Any NO answers in the above two questions denote noncompliance.							
	Does the system comply in this mode?		•					
(0	ode 4. Test if Economizer Is Integrated (I		zer ON, C	ompress	sor			
1.	Continuing from Mode 3, did compressor of (It is best if it doesn't)	come on?						
2.	. If compressor does not come on, lower cooling setpoint 2° at a time (or raise space temp.) until compressor comes on. (circle action taken)							
3.	What is the temp. of the changed paramete	r?						
4.	Do dampers stay open <i>and not</i> at min.?	OSA:						
	(If Yes, its integrated) Is RA proportionately <i>closed?</i>	Relief: RA:						
5.	Any NO answers in the last question denot <i>Does the system comply in this mode?</i>	te noncom	npliance.					

## Mode 5. Test if Dampers Go to Minimum When OSA is Above Economizer Setpoint

- 1. Return economizer settings to original, if changed.
- 2. For DB type, lower econ. setpoint or heat up OSA sensor, or simulate OSA in EMS, until the OSA is 1°F above the economizer setpoint or changeover temperature. For enthalpy types, change conditions so that the space enthalpy on the psychometric chart is *lower* than the OSA enthalpy. If dampers don't close, increase OSA temp. until they do.

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		Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4		
3.	Do dampers close to minimum? OSA: Relief:						
4.	Does the RA damper open to maximum?						
5.	What are the OSA temperatures being used to cause closure (this may be a real or simulated value)? DB:  (for enthalpy types) Wet bulb:	damper 					
6.	Is the OSA DB temperature being used, within 2° of what the economizer setpoint said it should be? (use psychometric chart and manufacture's specs for enthalpy	types)					
7.	For DB types, is this OSA temperature between 2-5°H below space temp. setpoint? (the economizer should be set so it will open only <i>below</i> an OSA temp.		2-5°F below s	 space setpoir			
8.	8. Any NO answers in the above five questions denote noncompliance.  **Does the system comply in this mode?**						
<ul> <li>Mode 6. Test if Dampers Go to Min. When Mixed Air Temp. (MAT) is Below Min. Setting</li> <li>1. Cool down MAT sensor, or simulate MAT in EMS, until it is below the MAT setting. (~45-55°F)</li> </ul>							
2.	Do dampers close to minimum? OSA:						
3.	Relief: Does the RA damper open full?						
4.	What is the MAT temperature being used to cause damper closure (this may be a real or an EMS simulated value)?						
5.	Is the MAT temperature being used within 2° of what the specs say the setpoint temperature should be?	nt 					
6.	Any NO answers in the above three denote noncomposes the system comply in this mode?	oliance.					
Ma	estore all adjustments to their original settings, unless ake a permanent mark on any economizer local contro tting should be. Y/N						

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Abbreviations: SA = supply air, RA = return air, DA = discharge air, OSA = outside air, EMS = energy management system